**Financial Statements** 

Year Ended December 31, 2021

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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Board of Directors Southshore Metropolitan District No 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southshore Metropolitan District No 2 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southshore Metropolitan District No 2 as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Continuing Disclosure Annual Financial Information

The continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the continuing disclosure annual financial information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the continuing disclosure annual financial information and the basic financial statements, or the continuing disclosure annual financial information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the continuing disclosure annual financial information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

January 24, 2023

Wippli LLP

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				Debt		Capital				Statement of
		<u>General</u>		Service		<u>Projects</u>		<u>Total</u>	Adjustments	Net Position
ASSETS	_						_		_	
Cash and investments	\$	207,085	\$		\$		\$	207,085	\$ -	Ψ 207,000
Cash and investments - restricted		133		3,957,390		648,254		4,605,777	-	4,605,777
Receivable - County Treasurer		35,915		-		-		35,915	-	35,915
Receivable - System Development Fees		205.250		57,500		-		57,500	-	57,500
Property taxes receivable Prepaid debt insurance, net of accumulated amortization		285,358	_	3,210,274	_			3,495,632	457,523	3,495,632 457,523
Total Assets		528,491	_	7,225,164	_	648,254		8,401,909	457,523	8,859,432
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred loss on refunding		-		_		-		_	4,467,612	4,467,612
•			-							
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	-	_						4,467,612	4,467,612
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	528,491	\$	7,225,164	\$	648,254	\$	8,401,909		
LIABILITIES										
Due to District No. 1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,187,681	\$	1,187,681	_	1,187,681
Due to County Treasurer	4	_	-	26,156	•	-	•	26,156	_	26,156
Accrued interest on bonds		-				_			125,909	125,909
Long-term liabilities:									,	,
Due within one year		-		-		-		-	1,145,000	1,145,000
Due in more than one year			_						58,227,557	58,227,557
Total Liabilities			_	26,156		1,187,681		1,213,837	59,498,466	60,712,303
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred property taxes		285,358		3,210,274		_		3,495,632	_	3,495,632
			_		_					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	285,358		3,210,274				3,495,632		3,495,632
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)										
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Emergencies		133		-		-		133	(133)	-
Debt service		-		3,988,734		-		3,988,734	(3,988,734)	-
Capital projects		-		-		(539,427)		(539,427)		-
Unassigned		243,000	-					243,000	(243,000)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		243,133		3,988,734		(539,427)		3,692,440	(3,692,440)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	528,491	\$	7,225,164	\$	648,254	\$	8,401,909		
NET POSITION										
Restricted for:										
Emergencies									133	133
Debt service									3,862,825	3,862,825
Capital projects									(539,427)	(539,427)
Unrestricted									(54,204,422)	(54,204,422)
Total Net Position									\$ (50,880,891)	

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - ${\bf GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS}$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		<u>General</u>		Debt Service		Capital Projects		<u>Total</u>	1	<u>Adjustments</u>		Statement of Activities
EXPENDITURES												
Transfer to District No. 1	\$	281,000	\$	-	\$	6,802,980	\$	7,083,980	\$	-	\$	7,083,980
Treasurer's fees		1,860		46,478		-		48,338		-		48,338
Bond principal		-		1,045,000		-		1,045,000		(1,045,000)		-
Bond interest expense		-		1,922,726		-		1,922,726		282,563		2,205,289
Paying agent fees		-		9,000		-		9,000		-		9,000
Amortize debt insurance costs							_		_	22,617	_	22,617
Total Expenditures	_	282,860		3,023,204	_	6,802,980	_	10,109,044	_	(739,820)		9,369,224
PROGRAM REVENUES												
System development fees	_		_	465,000			_	465,000				465,000
Total Program Revenues	_			465,000	_		_	465,000	_		_	465,000
Net Program Income (Expenses)		(282,860)		(2,558,204)		(6,802,980)		(9,644,044)		739,820		(8,904,224)
GENERAL REVENUES												
Property taxes		124,067		3,100,077		-		3,224,144		-		3,224,144
Specific ownership taxes		226,110		-		-		226,110		-		226,110
Interest income		228			_	1,575	_	1,803	_		_	1,803
Total General Revenues	_	350,405		3,100,077		1,575	_	3,452,057			_	3,452,057
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		67,545		541,873		(6,801,405)		(6,191,987)		6,191,987		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										(5,452,167)		(5,452,167)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)/NET POSITION:												
BEGINNING OF YEAR		175,588		3,446,861		6,261,978		9,884,427	_	(55,313,151)		(45,428,724)
END OF YEAR	\$	243,133	\$	3,988,734	\$	(539,427)	\$	3,692,440	\$	(54,573,331)	\$	(50,880,891)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

						Variance
	Original				F	avorable
	<b>Budget</b>	Fi	nal Budget	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(U</u> 1	nfavorable)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 126,208	\$	126,208	\$ 124,067	\$	(2,141)
Specific ownership taxes	195,962		193,970	226,110		32,140
Interest income	 3,500		2,242	 228		(2,014)
Total Revenues	 325,670		322,420	 350,405		27,985
EXPENDITURES						
Transfer to District No. 1	323,616		495,114	281,000		214,114
Miscellaneous expense	100		1,000	-		1,000
Treasurer's fees	1,894		1,894	1,860		34
Emergency reserve	 60			 		
Total Expenditures	 325,670		498,008	 282,860		215,148
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		(175,588)	67,545		243,133
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	-		175,588	175,588		-
END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 243,133	\$	243,133

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District" or "District No. 2"), located in the City of Aurora, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

#### **Definition of Reporting Entity**

The District was organized in February 2002, as a quasi-municipal corporation established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was created in conjunction with Southshore Metropolitan District No. 1, ("District No. 1") to provide for streets, sanitation and water facilities, parks and recreation and other public improvements. The District was established as the Taxing District and Southshore Metropolitan District No. 1 as the Operating District. The purpose of the Taxing District is to provide funding to the Operating District for construction, operation and maintenance of facilities and improvements. The Taxing District has also issued debt to finance public improvements. The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is paid.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

On November 9, 2021, the District amended its total appropriations in the General Fund from \$325,670 to \$498,008 primarily due to the anticipation of additional funds to District No. 1.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position:

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2021, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at net asset value.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Original Issue Discount and Prepaid Debt Insurance

Original issue discount from the Series 2020A-2 Bonds and Series 2020B Bonds and prepaid debt insurance for the Series 2020A-1 Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds and Series 2020B Bonds are being amortized over the respective terms of the bonds using the interest/straight-line method. Accumulated amortization of original issue discount and prepaid debt insurance amounted to \$42,951 and \$39,162, respectively at December 31, 2021.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting under this category. Property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

#### Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$133 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$3,988,734 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds Series 2020A-1, the Tax-Exempt General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Bonds Series 2020A-2, and the Tax-Exempt Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2020B (see Note 3).

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The deficit restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$(539,427) was funded by investor contributions in 2022 and will be used for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within or which benefit the District.

#### Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

#### Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all other funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

#### **Net Position**

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets. At December 31, 2021, the District had no items that qualified for reporting in this category.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2021, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$ 207,085
Cash and investments - restricted	 4,605,777
Total	\$ 4,812,862

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Investments – Colotrust Plus +	\$ 4,812,862
	\$ 4,812,862

#### Deposits:

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### *Investments:*

#### Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

#### **Investment Valuation**

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investment:

#### **COLOTRUST**

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST" or the "Trust"), is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2021, the District had \$4,812,862 invested in COLOTRUST Plus+.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 3: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2021, is as follows:

Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A-1 - The District issued its Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A-1 Bonds (the "Series 2020A-1 Bonds") in the original principal amount of \$30,090,000 for the purpose of refunding the Series 2015 and Series 2017 Bonds, paying costs of the insurance policy and reserve fund insurance policy and to pay the issuance costs associated with the Series 2020A-1 Bonds. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds mature on December 1, 2039, and carry a taxable coupon rate of 2.770% until the Tax-Exempt Conversion Date (as defined in the Series 2020A-1 Indenture) and thereafter at a rate of 2.190% payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds were converted to Tax-Exempt Bonds on December 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole, or in part, and if in part with the prior written consent of the Series 2020A-1 Purchaser, or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2030, and on any Interest Payment Date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption with no redemption premium.

Tax-Exempt General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Bonds, Series 2020A-2 - The District issued its Tax-Exempt General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds (the "Series 2020A-2 Bonds") in the original principal amount of \$12,780,000 for the purpose of providing project costs, paying costs of the insurance policy and reserve fund insurance policy, and to pay the issuance costs associated with the Series 2020A-2 Bonds. The Series 2020A-2 Bonds mature on December 1, 2046, and carry a coupon rate of 4.00% payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-2 Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2040. The Series 2020A-2 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole, or in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2030, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption with no redemption premium.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Tax-Exempt Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B - The District issued its Tax-Exempt Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B Bonds (the "Series 2020B Bonds") in the original principal amount of \$19,175,000 for the purpose of refunding the Series 2007 Bonds, to provide for capitalized interest in the original amount of \$281,385, funding the Reserve Fund in the amount of \$1,828,898, providing project costs and to pay the issuance costs associated with the Series 2020B Bonds. The Series 2020B Bonds mature December 15, 2041, and carry a coupon rate ranging from 3.125% to 4.125% payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2020. The Series 2020B Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 15, 2024. The Series 2020B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole, or in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2030, and on any date thereafter at a redemption price equal to the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption without a redemption premium.

The Series 2020A-1 Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds and the Series 2020B Bonds are secured by and payable from the pledged revenue, consisting of the moneys derived from a maximum mill levy of 55.664 mills and system development fees (see Note 5). The Series 2020B Bonds are further secured by a Reserve Fund of \$1,828,898, capitalized interest in the original amount of \$281,385 and a Surplus Fund of up to \$1,078,491. The balance in the Surplus Fund at year-end, was \$0. The mill levy for the Series 2020A-1 Bonds and the Series 2020A-2 Bonds can become unlimited at such time the test for such conversion is satisfied as provided in the Senior Indenture, which requires among other things, that the ratio of outstanding general debt to the District's assessed valuation is less than 50%.

The Series 2020A-1 Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds and Series 2020B Bonds are insured by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2021:

	Balance 1/31/2021			Additions	dditions Deletions			Balance 12/31/2021			Current Portion	
General Obligation Bonds												
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2020A-1	\$	28,935,000	\$	-	-	\$	1,045,000	\$	27,890,000	\$	1,145,000	
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2020A-2		12,780,000			-		-		12,780,000		-	
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2020B		19,175,000			-		-		19,175,000		-	
Bond discount - Series 2020A-2		(299,512)			-		(12,913)		(286,599)		-	
Bond discount - Series 2020B		(198,702)			-		(12,858)		(185,844)			
Total Long-term debt	\$	60,391,786	\$		-	\$	1,019,229	\$	59,372,557	\$	1,145,000	

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2020A-1 Bonds:

	Principal	Interest			Total
2022	\$ 1,145,000	\$	610,791	\$	1,755,791
2023	1,170,000		585,715		1,755,715
2024	1,230,000		560,093		1,790,093
2025	1,260,000		533,156		1,793,156
2026	1,320,000		505,562		1,825,562
2027 - 2031	7,275,000		2,075,574		9,350,574
2032 - 2036	8,620,000		1,221,473		9,841,473
2037 - 2039	 5,870,000		259,733		6,129,733
	\$ 27,890,000	\$	6,352,097	\$	34,242,097

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2020A-2 Bonds:

	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ -	\$ 511,200	\$ 511,200
2023	-	511,200	511,200
2024	-	511,200	511,200
2025	-	511,200	511,200
2026	-	511,200	511,200
2027 - 2031	-	2,556,000	2,556,000
2032 - 2036	-	2,556,000	2,556,000
2037 - 2041	3,215,000	2,493,000	5,708,000
2042 - 2046	9,565,000	 1,184,600	 10,749,600
	\$ 12,780,000	\$ 11,345,600	\$ 24,125,600

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2020B Bonds.

	Principal	Interest		Total
2022	\$ -	\$ 777,850	\$	777,850
2023	-	777,850		777,850
2024	215,000	777,850		992,850
2025	405,000	769,513		1,174,513
2026	570,000	753,794		1,323,794
2027 - 2031	3,610,000	3,394,693		7,004,693
2032 - 2036	4,930,000	2,574,319		7,504,319
2037 - 2041	 9,445,000	 1,416,937		10,861,937
	\$ 19,175,000	\$ 11,242,806	\$	30,417,806

#### **Debt Authorization**

As of December 31, 2017, the District had remaining debt authorization of \$0.00. The District's Service Plan establishes a total combined general obligation debt limit under the Service Plan for both Districts of \$33,033,000. In May 2018, the authorized electors of the District voted to increase the debt authorization by \$27,500,000. Such debt can be issued only if the Service Plan is amended or the District follows certain statutory procedures prior to issuance, which the District undertook in September 2019.

#### Note 4: Related Party

One member of the Board of Directors is an employee of RainTree Investment Corporation ("RainTree"), which has significant ownership and/or investment interests in the property within the Districts. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Secretary of State and the Board of Directors.

#### Note 5: Agreements

<u>Establish System Development Fees</u> — On November 30, 2006, and as amended and restated in 2007, 2010 and with the most recent Third Amendment on December 11, 2012, the District imposes a system development fee due and payable upon issuance of a building permit to a buyer by the City of Aurora. The fee, at the District's discretion, may increase on an annual basis in an amount equal to the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") for that year not to exceed 5%. For 2012, the fee was \$2,000 per single family unit. Effective January 1, 2013, the Third Amendment increased the fees to \$2,500 per single family unit and \$1,750 per multi-family unit. During 2021, the District recognized \$465,000 in fees part of which \$57,500 was recorded in accounts receivable and received in 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

<u>Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement</u> – On December 2, 2004, and amended on May 11, 2007, the District entered into an agreement with District No. 1, in which the District agrees to assign all revenue raised from all sources not pledged to District debt to District No. 1 to offset the expenses of construction of public improvements and the costs of operation and maintenance of such public improvements. District No. 1 shall provide the operations and maintenance services and to maintain all necessary insurance in a manner deemed appropriate by the Districts and in compliance with applicable law. In 2020, the District transferred to District No. 1, \$281,000 for operations and maintenance and \$6,802,980 for capital improvements.

#### Note 6: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR") contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

In 2002, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 7: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("the Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

### Note 8: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

1) Long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, accrued bond interest payable and prepaid debt insurance are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities;
- 2) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue; and,
- 3) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 9: <u>Litigation</u>

On August 2, 2021, District No. 1 was served with a Complaint and Jury Demand in District Court, Arapahoe County, in a case in which the Plaintiffs allege that District No. 1 is responsible for water damage caused to the Plaintiffs' home in an amount in excess of \$100,000. District No. 1 has submitted this claim to its insurer, In 2022, District No. 1 reached a settled. District No. 1 did not incur any out-of-pocket expenses.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

REVENUES	Original and Final Budge		<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	\$ 545,00	00 \$	465,000	¢ (00,000)
System development fees			465,000	\$ (80,000)
Property taxes	3,154,58		3,100,077	(54,503)
Interest income	10,00	<u> </u>		(10,000)
Total Revenues	3,709,58	80	3,565,077	(144,503)
EXPENDITURES				
Bond prinicpal-Series 2020A-1	1,045,00	00	1,045,000	-
Bond interest-Series 2020 A-1	633,6	76	633,676	-
Bond interest-Series 2020 A-2	511,20	00	511,200	-
Bond interest-Series 2020B	777,83	50	777,850	-
Paying agent fees	10,00	00	9,000	1,000
Treasurer's fees	47,19	98	46,478	720
Total Expenditures	3,024,92	<u> 24</u>	3,023,204	1,720
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	684,63	56	541,873	(142,783)
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,102,83	56	3,446,861	344,005
END OF YEAR	\$ 3,787,5	12 \$	3,988,734	\$ 201,222

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Variance
	Original and		Favorable
	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Interest income	\$ 20,000	\$ 1,575	\$ (18,425)
Total Revenues	20,000	1,575	(18,425)
EXPENDITURES			
Transfer to District 1	12,222,098	6,802,980	5,419,118
Total Expenditures	12,222,098	6,802,980	5,419,118
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,202,098)	(6,801,405)	5,400,693
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,202,098	6,261,978	(5,940,120)
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ (539,427)	\$ (539,427)

### SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2021

Prior
Year Assessed
Valuation
for Current

V E . J. J	fe	Valuation or Current	M <sup>o</sup> lla I			T-4-1 D		T.		Percent				
Year Ended		ar Property	Mills I			Total Property Tax			-	Collected				
December 31,		Tax Levy	General Fund	<b>Debt Service</b>		Levied		Levied		Levied		Collected		to Levied
2005	\$	1,314,200	38.000	0.000	\$	49,940	\$	49,940		100.00%				
2006	\$	1,309,490	38.000	0.000	\$	49,761	\$	49,761		100.00%				
2007	\$	3,670,340	38.000	7.290	\$	166,230	\$	165,676		99.67%				
2008	\$	7,508,600	47.000	5.060	\$	390,898	\$	391,471		100.15%				
2009	\$	14,577,280	47.000	5.060	\$	758,893	\$	702,376		92.55%				
2010	\$	11,872,620	22.060	30.000	\$	618,089	\$	612,180		99.04%				
2011	\$	11,218,360	22.060	30.000	\$	584,028	\$	524,019	(a)	89.72%				
2012	\$	10,761,490	22.060	30.000	\$	560,243	\$	376,928	(b)	67.28%				
2013	\$	11,161,250	2.060	50.000	\$	581,055	\$	580,450		99.90%				
2014	\$	11,037,770	2.060	50.000	\$	574,626	\$	574,684		100.01%				
2015	\$	11,779,267	2.060	50.000	\$	613,229	\$	613,228		100.00%				
2016	\$	15,940,103	2.060	50.000	\$	829,842	\$	829,699		99.98%				
2017	\$	17,920,698	2.060	50.000	\$	932,952	\$	934,880		100.21%				
2018	\$	23,981,031	2.277	55.277	\$	1,380,204	\$	1,378,900		99.91%				
2019	\$	28,049,450	2.277	55.277	\$	1,614,358	\$	1,614,358		100.00%				
2020	\$	51,191,803	2.227	55.664	\$	2,963,545	\$	2,960,264		99.89%				
2021	\$	56,671,821	2.227	55.664	\$	3,280,788	\$	3,224,144		98.27%				
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2022	\$	71,339,423	4.000	45.000	\$	3,495,632								

#### NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

- (a) The collected tax in 2011 reflects abatements of \$53,791.
- (b) The collected tax in 2012 reflects abatements of \$178,099.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION – UNAUDIT	ED

#### History of District's Assessed Valuations and Mill Levies

Mill Levies Levy/ Collection General Fund Debt Service Mill Assessed Percent Change Total Mill Levy Year Valuation Mill Levy (1) Levy 2014/2015 \$ 11,779,267 0.00% 2.060 50.000 52.060 2015/2016 35.32% 2.060 \$ 15,940,103 50.000 52.060 2016/2017 \$ 17,920,698 12.43% 2.060 50.00052.060 2017/2018 23,981,031 33.82% 2.277 55.277 57.554 2018/2019 \$ 28,049,450 16.97% 2.277 55.277 57.554 2019/2020 \$ 51,191,803 82.51% 2.227 55.664 57.891 2020/2021 \$ 56,671,821 10.70% 2.227 55.664 57.891 \$ 71,339,423 25.88% 4.000 49.000 2021/2022 45.000

#### 2021 Assessed and "Actual" Valuation of Classes of Property in the District

Classification of Property	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Assessed Valuation	,,	Actual" Value	Percent of "Actual" Value
Classification of Froperty	 v aiuatioii	v aiuatioii	1	Actual Value	Actual value
Residential	\$ 53,658,771	75.22%	\$	750,472,395	92.24%
Commercial	1,569,518	2.20%		7,606,430	0.93%
Vacant Land	15,305,865	21.45%		52,778,185	6.49%
Natural Resources	79	0.00%		274	0.00%
State Assessed	805,190	1.13%		2,776,518	0.34%
Total	\$ 71,339,423	100.00%	\$	813,633,802	100.00%

Source: County Assessor's Office

#### **History of District Property Tax Collections**

Levy/		Current Tax	
Collection Year	Taxes Levied	Collection (1)	Collection Rate
2014/2015	\$ 613,229	\$ 613,228	100.00%
2015/2016	829,842	829,699	99.98%
2016/2017	932,952	934,880	100.21%
2017/2018	1,380,204	1,378,900	99.91%
2018/2019	1,614,358	1,614,358	100.00%
2019/2020	2,963,545	2,960,264	99.89%
2020/2021	3,280,788	3,224,144	98.27%

<sup>(1)</sup> Figures represent current collections only. County Treasurer collection fees have not been deducted from these amounts.

<sup>(1)</sup> Revenue resulting from the District's General Fund mill levy is to be transferred to District No. 1 for operations and maintenance expenditures.

#### 2021 Largest Taxpayers Within the District

		Percentage of			
	20	21 Assessed	Total Assessed		
Taxpayer Name		Valuation	Valuation (1)		
Public Service of Colorado	\$	795,090	1.11%		
Southshore Recovery Acquisition LLC		904,736	1.27%		
Southshore Metropolitan District No. 1		582,987	0.82%		
Individual Homeowner		133,637	0.19%		
Individual Homeowner		120,978	0.17%		
Individual Homeowner		112,556	0.16%		
Individual Homeowner		111,648	0.16%		
Individual Homeowner		107,636	0.15%		
Individual Homeowner		99,442	0.14%		
Individual Homeowner		98,441	0.14%		
Total	\$	3,067,151	4.30%		

(1) Based on a 2021 certified assessed valuation of \$71,339,423.

#### **Total 2021 Mill Levies**

Taxing Entity	Mill Levy
Cherry Creek School District 5	49.012
Arapahoe County	11.762
Developmental Disability	1.000
City of Aurora	8.073
Urban Drainage & Flood	0.900
Urban Drainage & Flood (S Platte)	0.100
Overlapping Mill Levy	70.847
The District	49.000
Total Mill Levy	119.847

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Years Ended December 31,								
		2017		2018		2019	<u>2020</u>		2021
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	37,862	\$	54,554	\$	63,869	\$ 113,876	\$	124,067
Specific ownership taxes		79,889		100,300		126,562	210,011		226,110
Interest income		1,495		8,298		6,846	4,991		228
Total		119,246		163,152		197,277	328,878		350,405
EXPENDITURES									
Transfer to District No. 1		98,469		164,414		162,146	283,000		281,000
Treasurer's fees		575		818		958	1,711		1,860
Miscellaneous expenses		133		164		0	-		-
Total		99,177		165,396		163,104	284,711		282,860
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		20,069		(2,244)		34,173	44,167		67,545
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in (out)		_		_		_	59,638		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-	59,638		-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		20,069		(2,244)		34,173	103,805		67,545
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		19,785		39,854		37,610	71,783		175,588
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	39,854	\$	37,610	\$	71,783	\$ 175,588	\$	243,133

#### DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Years Ended December 31,									
		2017		2018	2	<u> 2019</u>		2020		2021
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	897,018	\$	1,324,346	\$ 1,	550,489	\$	2,846,388	\$	3,100,077
Interest income		12,207		28,835		46,928		21,571		-
System development fees		445,000		417,500		572,500		532,522		465,000
Miscellaneous Income		-		-		-		-		-
Total		1,354,225		1,770,681	2,	,169,917		3,400,481		3,565,077
EXPENDITURES										
Treasurer's fee		13,476		19,868		23,262		42,771		46,478
Bond Principal		270,000		275,000		325,000		1,155,000		1,045,000
Bond Interest Expenses		523,169		1,445,306	1,	430,526		1,404,007		633,676
Paying agent fee		5,500		8,500		8,500		2,000		9,000
Total		812,145		1,748,674	1,	787,288		2,603,778		1,734,154
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES		542,080		22,007		382,629		796,703		1,830,923
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in (out)		-		-		-		38,479,931		-
Payment to refunding agent		-		-		-	(	(38,101,249)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		378,682		-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		542,080		22,007		382,629		1,175,385		1,830,923
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR-RESTATED		1,134,760		1,676,840	1,	698,847		2,271,476		3,446,861
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,676,840	\$	1,698,847	\$ 2,	081,476	\$	3,446,861	\$	5,277,784

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Years Ended December 31,								
	<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>20</u>	19		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
REVENUES									
Interest income	\$ 68,42	6	\$ 120,165	\$ 6	54,534	\$	45,334	\$	1,575
Total	68,42	6	120,165	$\epsilon$	54,534		45,334		1,575
EXPENDITURES									
Transfer to District No. 1	2,998,91	5	4,885,443	4,27	74,037		15,365,023		6,802,980
Costs of Issuance	504,07	0	-		-		1,451,256		-
Total	3,502,98	5	4,885,443	4,27	74,037		16,816,279		6,802,980
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(2.424.55	0)	(4.7(5.270)	(4.20	)O 502)	6	1 ( 770 045)		(( 001 405)
OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,434,55	9)	(4,765,278)	(4,20	09,503)	(	16,770,945)		(6,801,405)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Bond proceeds	10,404,00	0	-		-	(	62,045,000		-
Bond discount		-	-		-		(515,394)		-
Transfers in (out)		-	-		-	(.	38,539,569)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,404,00	0	-		-		22,990,037		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	6,969,44	1	(4,765,278)	(4,20	09,503)		6,219,092		(6,801,405)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,048,22	6	9,017,667	4,25	52,389		42,886		6,261,978
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,017,66	7	\$ 4,252,389	\$ 4	12,886	\$	6,261,978	\$	(539,427)

#### **General Fund Budget Summary and Comparison**

	2021 Budget (as amended)	2021 Actual	2022 Budget (as adopted)
REVENUES	()		(
Property taxes	\$ 126,208	\$ 124,067	\$ 285,358
Specific ownership taxes	193,970	226,110	213,269
Interest income	2,242	228	3,500
Total Revenues	322,420	350,405	502,127
EXPENDITURES			
Transfer to District No. 1	495,114	281,000	497,574
Miscellaneous expense	1,000	-	100
Treasurer's fees	1,894	1,860	4,320
Emergency reserve	<u>-</u>	<del>_</del>	133
Total Expenditures	498,008	282,860	502,127
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(175,588)	67,545	-
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	175,588	175,588	
END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	\$ 243,133	\$ -

#### **Debt Service Fund Budget Summary and Comparison**

	2021 Budget (as adopted)	<b>e</b> \	
REVENUES			
System development fees	\$ 545,000	\$ 465,000	\$ 526,136
Property taxes	3,154,580	3,100,077	3,210,274
Interest income	10,000	<del>_</del> _	10,000
Total Revenues	3,709,580	3,565,077	3,746,410
EXPENDITURES			
Bond principal	1,045,000	1,045,000	1,145,000
Bond interest expense	1,922,726	633,676	1,899,842
Paying agent fees	10,000	9,000	10,000
Treasurer's fees	47,198	46,478	48,463
Total Expenditures	3,024,924	1,734,154	3,103,305
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	684,656	1,830,923	643,105
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,102,856	3,446,861	4,131,517
END OF YEAR	\$ 3,787,512	\$ 5,277,784	\$ 4,774,622

#### **Capital Projects Fund Budget Summary and Comparison**

	2021 Budget (as adopted)	2021 Actual	2022 Budget (as adopted)
REVENUES			
Interest income	\$ 20,000	\$ 1,575	\$ 2,000
Total Revenues	20,000	1,575	2,000
EXPENDITURES			
Transfer to District 1	12,222,098	6,802,980	766,036
Total Expenditures	12,222,098	6,802,980	766,036
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,202,098)	(6,801,405)	(764,036)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,202,098	6,261,978	764,036
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ (539,427)	\$ -