Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2018

with

Independent Auditors' Report

<u>C O N T E N T S</u>

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	Ι
Basic Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	3
Notes to Financial Statements	4
Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	19
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund	20
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity – Series 2007 Bonds	21
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity – Series 2015 Bonds	22
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity – Series 2017 Bonds	23
Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected	24



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Fiscal Focus Partners, LLC

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Fiscal Forus Partners, LLC

Greenwood Village, Colorado July 29, 2019

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2018

ASSETS	<u>9</u>	General	Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Net Position</u>
Cash and investments	\$	29,355	\$-	\$	-	\$	29,355	\$ -	\$ 29,355
Cash and investments - restricted	Φ	29,333	ء - 1,683,847	φ	4,411,733	φ	6,095,612	р –	6,095,612
Receivable - County Treasurer		8,223	1,005,047		-+,+11,755		8,223	-	8,223
Receivable - System Development Fees		- 0,225	15,000		_		15,000		15,000
Property taxes receivable		63,869	1,550,489				1,614,358		1,614,358
Total Assets	\$	101,479	\$ 3,249,336	\$	4,411,733	\$	7,762,548		7,762,548
LIABILITIES									
Due to District No. 1	\$	-	\$ -	\$	159,344	\$	159,344	\$ -	\$ 159,344
Accrued interest on bonds		-	-		-		-	1,382,996	1,382,996
Long-term liabilities:									
Due within one year		-	-		-		-	325,000	325,000
Due in more than one year		-			-		-	33,189,000	33,189,000
Total Liabilities					159,344		159,344	34,896,996	35,056,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred property taxes		63,869	1,550,489		-		1,614,358		1,614,358
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		63,869	1,550,489		-		1,614,358		1,614,358
FUND BALANCES Fund Balances: Restricted:									
Emergencies		32	-		-		32	(32)	-
Debt service		-	1,698,847		-		1,698,847	(1,698,847)	-
Capital projects		-	-		4,252,389		4,252,389	(4,252,389)	-
Unassigned		37,578			-		37,578	(37,578)	
Total Fund Balances		37,610	1,698,847		4,252,389		5,988,846	(5,988,846)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	101,479	\$ 3,249,336	\$	4,411,733	\$	7,762,548		
NET POSITION Restricted for:									
Emergencies								32	32
Debt service								315,851	315,851
Capital projects								4,252,389	4,252,389
Unrestricted								(33,476,422)	(33,476,422)
Total Net Position								<u>\$(28,908,150)</u>	<u>\$(28,908,150)</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Debt	Capital			Statement of
	Ge	neral		Service	Projects	Total	Adjustments	Activities
EXPENDITURES								
Transfer to District No. 1	\$ 1	64,414	\$	-	\$ 4,885,443	\$ 5,049,857	\$ -	\$ 5,049,857
Treasurer's fees		818		19,868	-	20,686	-	20,686
Miscellaneous expense		164		-	-	164	-	164
Bond principal		-		275,000	-	275,000	(275,000)	-
Bond interest expense		-		1,445,306	-	1,445,306	835,964	2,281,270
Paying agent fees				8,500	 -	 8,500		 8,500
Total Expenditures	1	65,396		1,748,674	 4,885,443	 6,799,513	560,964	 7,360,477
PROGRAM REVENUES								
System development fees				417,500	 	 417,500		 417,500
Total Program Revenues				417,500	 -	 417,500		 417,500
Net Program Income (Expenses)	(1	.65,396)	(1,331,174)	(4,885,443)	(6,382,013)	(560,964)	(6,942,977)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes		54,554		1,324,346	-	1,378,900	-	1,378,900
Specific ownership taxes	1	00,300		-	-	100,300	-	100,300
Interest income		8,298		28,835	 120,165	 157,298		 157,298
Total General Revenues	1	63,152		1,353,181	 120,165	 1,636,498		 1,636,498
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(2,244)		22,007	(4,765,278)	(4,745,515)	4,745,515	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							(5,306,479)	(5,306,479)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		39,854		1,676,840	 9,017,667	 10,734,361	(34,336,032)	 (23,601,671)
END OF YEAR	\$	37,610	\$	1,698,847	\$ 4,252,389	\$ 5,988,846	<u>\$ (34,896,996)</u>	\$ (28,908,150)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

REVENUES	riginal Budget	<u>Fir</u>	al Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fa	ariance vorable <u>`avorable)</u>
Property taxes	\$ 54,605	\$	54,605	\$ 54,554	\$	(51)
Specific ownership taxes	83,277		110,779	100,300		(10,479)
Interest income	 566		566	 8,298		7,732
Total Revenues	 138,448		165,950	 163,152		(2,798)
EXPENDITURES						
Transfer to District No. 1	137,498		165,000	164,414		586
Miscellaneous expense	100		100	164		(64)
Treasurer's fees	822		822	818		4
Emergency reserve	 28		28	 -		28
Total Expenditures	 138,448		165,950	 165,396		554
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	(2,244)		(2,244)
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	-		-	39,854		39,854
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 37,610	\$	37,610

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District" or "District No. 2"), located in the City of Aurora, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized in February 2002, as a quasi-municipal corporation established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was created in conjunction with Southshore Metropolitan District No. 1, ("District No. 1") to provide for streets, sanitation and water facilities, parks and recreation and other public improvements. The District was established as the Taxing District and Southshore Metropolitan District No. 1 as the Operating District. The purpose of the Taxing District is to provide funding to the Operating District for construction, operation and maintenance of facilities and improvements. The Taxing District has also issued debt to finance public improvements. The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization is governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

In November 2018, the District amended its total appropriations in the General Fund from \$138,448 to \$150,000 and subsequently to \$165,950 primarily due to available funds to transfer to District No. 1.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position:

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2018, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting under this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting under this category. Property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$32 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$1,698,847 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Series 2007, the General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Capital Appreciation Bonds Series 2015, and the Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017 (see Note 3) and represents proceeds held by the Trustee as a reserve requirement, as defined by the Indenture, and is used to secure the District's obligation to the Bondholders until such a time that the Debt to Assessed Value Ratio is less than 50%. At that time the required reserve shall be zero.

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$4,252,389 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within or which benefit the District.

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all other funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows or resources related to those assets. At December 31, 2018, the District had no items that qualified for reporting in this category.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u>

As of December 31, 2018, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 29,355
Cash and investments - restricted	 6,095,612
Total	\$ 6,124,967

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 68,860
Investments – Colotrust Plus +	 6,056,107
	\$ 6,124,967

<u>Deposits:</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments:

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

As of December 31, 2018, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint ventures established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. The trusts operate similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to the trusts. Substantially all securities owned by the trusts are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2018, the District had \$6,056,107 invested in COLOTRUST.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 3: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2018, is as follows:

<u>Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007</u> - The District issued its Series 2007 Bonds in the original principal amount of \$10,000,000. The Bonds are term bonds, of which, \$3,000,000 bearing interest at 5.375% mature December 1, 2022 and \$7,000,000 bearing interest at 5.750% mature December 1, 2031, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2007. The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District beginning December 1, 2017, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, with no redemption premium.

The Bonds maturing December 1, 2022 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part, by lot, on each December 1 in the years 2010 through 2021. The bonds maturing December 1, 2031 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part, by lot, on each December 1 in the years 2023 through 2030.

General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2015 - On September 3, 2015, the District issued \$14,410,000 of General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2015 ("Series 2015 Bonds") dated January 15, 2015 with an original issue price of \$12,482,807 for the purpose of funding public capital facilities and paying the costs of issuing the bonds. The Series 2015 Bonds were issued as convertible capital appreciation bonds and will accrete in value from their date of issuance at an annual rate of 6.50%, compounding semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing December 1, 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds convert to current interest bonds on December 1, 2017, and are payable semi-annually thereafter at the rate of 6.50% per annum on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2018. The bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2032. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2042. The Series 2015 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, on December 1, 2020, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of	
Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2020, to November 30, 2021	3.00%
December 1, 2021, to November 30, 2022	2.00
December 1, 2022, to November 30, 2023	1.00
December 1, 2023 and thereafter	0.00

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The Series 2007 Bonds and the Series 2015 Bonds are secured by and payable from the pledged revenue, consisting of the moneys derived from a required mill levy of at least 30.000 mills until the surplus fund is fully funded, but not to exceed 50.000 mills (adjusted for changes occurring after the issuance of such Bonds in the ratio of assessed values to market values), system development fees (see Note 5) and any other legally available moneys of the District credited to the Bond Fund. The required and limited mill levy rates require adjustment for changes in the ratio of assessed values to market values occurring after the issuance date of the Bonds.

The District funded a Reserve Fund for the 2007 Bonds in the amount of \$1,000,000. The Series 2007 and Series 2015 Bonds are also secured by a Surplus Fund to be funded from the required mill levy to be funded with up to \$1,000,000. The Reserve Fund and the Surplus Fund shall be maintained by the Trustee until the date upon which the Debt to Assessed Ratio is less than 50%, after which the Reserve Fund and the Surplus Fund shall be terminated and any moneys in the Reserve Fund transferred to the Construction Fund and utilized for construction of capital improvements as approved by the voters of the District at the Election and any moneys in the Surplus Fund shall be applied to any lawful purpose.

<u>Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017</u> - On June 21, 2017, the District issued the Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), in the original principal amount of \$10,404,000. The Bonds will bear interest at 7.75% payable annually on December 15, to the extent subordinate pledged revenue is available, commencing December 15, 2017. Accrued but unpaid interest on the Series 2017 Bonds will compound annually on each December 15. Failure to pay interest when due on the Series 2017 Bonds does not constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture. The Series 2017 Bonds mature on December 15, 2042. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2017 Bonds will be used for the purposes of: (a) paying the project costs for infrastructure located within, or serving the District, and (b) paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds. The Series 2017 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, on December 1, 2020, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of	
Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2020, to November 30, 2021	3.00%
December 1, 2021, to November 30, 2022	2.00
December 1, 2022, to November 30, 2023	1.00
December 1, 2023 and thereafter	0.00

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2018:

	Balance							Balance	Current	
		1/1/2018	_	Additions	_	Deletions		12/31/2018		Portion
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2007	\$	8,975,000	\$	-	2	\$ 275,000) \$	8,700,000	\$	325,000
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2015		14,410,000		-				14,410,000		-
Subordinate General Obligation Bonds - Series 2017		10,404,000		-	_			10,404,000		-
Total Long-term debt	\$	33,789,000	\$	-	•	\$ 275,000) \$	33,514,000	\$	325,000

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2007 Bonds:

	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2019	\$ 325,000	\$ 493,875	\$ 818,875
2020	400,000	476,406	876,406
2021	450,000	454,906	904,906
2022	525,000	430,719	955,719
2023	570,000	402,500	972,500
2024-2028	3,695,000	1,440,089	5,135,089
2029-2031	 2,735,000	 319,413	 3,054,413
	\$ 8,700,000	\$ 4,017,908	\$ 12,717,908

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2015 Bonds:

	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2019	\$ -	\$ 936,650	\$ 936,650
2020	-	936,650	936,650
2021	-	936,650	936,650
2022	-	936,650	936,650
2023	-	936,650	936,650
2024 - 2028	-	4,683,250	4,683,250
2029 - 2033	1,785,000	4,627,025	6,412,025
2034 - 2038	5,950,000	3,390,400	9,340,400
2039 - 2042	6,675,000	 1,126,125	 7,801,125
	\$ 14,410,000	\$ 18,510,050	\$ 32,920,050

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2017 Bonds:

	Principal	Interest	Total				
2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
2020	-	-	-				
2021	-	969,877	969,877				
2022	-	1,528,468	1,528,468				
2023	-	3,444,779	3,444,779				
2024 - 2028	9,543,000	3,107,135	12,650,135				
2029	861,000	66,728	927,728				
	\$10,404,000	<u>\$ 9,116,987</u>	\$ 19,520,987				

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2017, District No. 1 and District No. 2 (the "Districts") had remaining combined voted debt authorization of \$0.00. The District's Service Plan establishes a total combined general obligation debt limit for both Districts of \$33,033,000. In May 2018, the authorized electors of the District voted to increase the debt authorization by \$27,500,000. Such debt can be issued only if the Service Plan is amended or the District follows certain statutory procedures prior to issuance.

Note 4: <u>Related Party</u>

One member of the Board of Directors is an employee of RainTree Investment Corporation ("RainTree"), which has significant ownership and/or investment interests in the property within the Districts. Two other directors are consultants, directly or indirectly, to Raintree. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Secretary of State and the Board of Directors.

Note 5: <u>Agreements</u>

<u>Third Amended and Restated Joint Resolution of Southshore Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 2 to</u> <u>Establish System Development Fees</u> – On November 30, 2006 and as amended and restated in 2007, 2010 and with the most recent Third Amendment on December 11, 2012, the District imposes a system development fee due and payable upon issuance of a building permit to a buyer by the City of Aurora. The fee, at the District's discretion, may increase on an annual basis in an amount equal to the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") for that year not to exceed 5%. For 2012, the fee was \$2,000 per single family unit. Effective January 1, 2013, the Third Amendment increased the fees to \$2,500 per single family unit and \$1,750 per multi-family unit. During 2018, the District collected \$417,500 in fees.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

<u>Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement</u> – On December 2, 2004, and amended on May 11, 2007, the District entered into an agreement with District No. 1, in which the District agrees to assign all revenue raised from all sources not pledged to District debt to District No. 1 to offset the expenses of construction of public improvements and the costs of operation and maintenance of such public improvements. District No. 1 shall provide the operations and maintenance services and to maintain all necessary insurance in a manner deemed appropriate by the Districts and in compliance with applicable law. In 2018, the District transferred to District No. 1, \$164,414 for operations and maintenance and \$4,885,443 for capital improvements.

Note 6: <u>Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR") contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

In 2002, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 7: <u>Risk Management</u>

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("the Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 8: <u>Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

1) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, <u>and Changes in Fund</u> <u>Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities; and,
- 2) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

					-	Variance		
	Original and					Favorable		
	Final Budget Actu				(Unfavorable)			
REVENUES								
System development fees	\$	1,325,599	\$	417,500	\$	(908,099)		
Property taxes		420,000		1,324,346		904,346		
Interest income		730		28,835		28,105		
Total Revenues		1,746,329		1,770,681		24,352		
EXPENDITURES								
Bond principal		275,000		275,000		-		
Bond interest expense		1,445,306		1,445,306		-		
Paying agent fees		10,000		8,500		1,500		
Treasurer's fees		19,951		19,868		83		
Total Expenditures		1,750,257		1,748,674		1,583		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,928)		22,007		25,935		
FUND BALANCE:								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,445,140		1,676,840		231,700		
END OF YEAR	\$	1,441,212	\$	1,698,847	\$	257,635		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Variance		
	Original and	Favorable			
	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES					
Interest income	\$ 10,000	\$ 120,165	\$ 110,165		
Total Revenues	10,000	120,165	110,165		
EXPENDITURES					
Transfer to District 1	6,981,655	4,885,443	2,096,212		
Total Expenditures	6,981,655	4,885,443	2,096,212		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(6,971,655)	(4,765,278)	2,206,377		
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,971,655	9,017,667	2,046,012		
END OF YEAR	\$	\$ 4,252,389	\$ 4,252,389		

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2018

\$10,000,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Series 2007 Interest Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1

Year Ended <u>December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>			Interest	<u>Total</u>		
2019	\$	325,000	\$	493,875	\$	818,875	
2020		400,000		476,406		876,406	
2021		450,000		454,906		904,906	
2022		525,000		430,719		955,719	
2023		570,000		402,500		972,500	
2024		695,000		369,725		1,064,725	
2025		700,000		329,763		1,029,763	
2026		725,000		289,513		1,014,513	
2027		775,000		247,825		1,022,825	
2028		800,000		203,263		1,003,263	
2029		875,000		157,263		1,032,263	
2030		900,000		106,950		1,006,950	
2031		960,000		55,200		1,015,200	
	<u>\$</u>	8,700,000	<u>\$</u>	4,017,908	<u>\$</u>	12,717,908	

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2018

General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2015

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1

Year Ended <u>December 31,</u>	<u>P</u> 1	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2019	\$	-	\$	936,650	\$	936,650
2020		-		936,650		936,650
2021		-		936,650		936,650
2022		-		936,650		936,650
2023		-		936,650		936,650
2024		-		936,650		936,650
2025		-		936,650	936,65	
2026		-		936,650		936,650
2027		-		936,650		936,650
2028		-		936,650		936,650
2029		-		936,650		936,650
2030		-		936,650		936,650
2031		-		936,650		936,650
2032		865,000	936,650		1,801,65	
2033		920,000	880,425		1,800,425	
2034		1,015,000		820,625		1,835,625
2035		1,085,000		754,650		1,839,650
2036		1,190,000		684,125		1,874,125
2037		1,270,000	606,775			1,876,775
2038		1,390,000		524,225		1,914,225
2039		1,480,000		433,875		1,913,875
2040		1,610,000		337,675		1,947,675
2041		1,715,000		233,025		1,948,025
2042		1,870,000		121,550		1,991,550
	<u>\$</u>	14,410,000	<u>\$</u>	18,510,050	<u>\$</u>	32,920,050

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2018

Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Series 2017

Interest Payable June 15 and December 15 Principal Due December 15

Year Ended December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>			
2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
2020	-	-	-			
2021	-	969,877	969,877			
2022	-	1,528,468	1,528,468			
2023	-	3,444,779	3,444,779			
2024	1,095,000	1,097,250	2,192,250			
2025	1,693,000	721,448	2,414,448			
2026	1,992,000	590,240	2,582,240			
2027	2,239,000	435,860	2,674,860			
2028	2,524,000	262,338	2,786,338			
2029	861,000	66,728	927,728			
	\$ 10,404,000	\$ 9,116,987	\$ 19,520,987			

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2018

f	Valuation or Current						4 T		Percent
¥ e	1 0			^		· ·		i	Collected
	Tax Levy	General Fund	Debt Service		Levied	_	Confected		to Levied
\$	1,314,200	38.000	0.000	\$	49,940	\$	49,940		100.00%
\$	1,309,490	38.000	0.000	\$	49,761	\$	49,761		100.00%
\$	3,670,340	38.000	7.290	\$	166,230	\$	165,676		99.67%
\$	7,508,600	47.000	5.060	\$	390,898	\$	391,471		100.15%
\$	14,577,280	47.000	5.060	\$	758,893	\$	702,376		92.55%
\$	11,872,620	22.060	30.000	\$	618,089	\$	612,180		99.04%
\$	11,218,360	22.060	30.000	\$	584,028	\$	524,019	(a)	89.72%
\$	10,761,490	22.060	30.000	\$	560,243	\$	376,928	(b)	67.28%
\$	11,161,250	2.060	50.000	\$	581,055	\$	580,450		99.90%
\$	11,037,770	2.060	50.000	\$	574,626	\$	574,684		100.01%
\$	11,779,267	2.060	50.000	\$	613,229	\$	613,228		100.00%
\$	15,940,103	2.060	50.000	\$	829,842	\$	829,699		99.98%
\$	17,920,698	2.060	50.000	\$	932,952	\$	934,880		100.21%
\$	23,981,031	2.277	55.277	\$	1,380,204	\$	1,378,900		99.91%
\$	28 049 450	2 277	55 277	\$	1 614 358				
	f Ye \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property <u>Tax Levy</u> \$ 1,314,200 \$ 1,309,490 \$ 3,670,340 \$ 7,508,600 \$ 14,577,280 \$ 14,577,280 \$ 14,577,280 \$ 11,872,620 \$ 11,218,360 \$ 10,761,490 \$ 11,161,250 \$ 11,037,770 \$ 11,779,267 \$ 15,940,103 \$ 17,920,698 \$ 23,981,031	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills I Tax Levy General Fund \$ 1,314,200 38.000 \$ 1,309,490 38.000 \$ 1,309,490 38.000 \$ 3,670,340 38.000 \$ 7,508,600 47.000 \$ 11,872,620 22.060 \$ 11,218,360 22.060 \$ 11,037,770 2.060 \$ 11,779,267 2.060 \$ 15,940,103 2.060 \$ 17,920,698 2.060 \$ 23,981,031 2.277	Year Assessed Valuation for CurrentMills LeviedYear PropertyMills LeviedTax LevyGeneral FundDebt Service\$ 1,314,20038.0000.000\$ 1,309,49038.0000.000\$ 1,309,49038.0007.290\$ 7,508,60047.0005.060\$ 14,577,28047.0005.060\$ 11,872,62022.06030.000\$ 11,218,36022.06030.000\$ 11,07,7102.06050.000\$ 11,037,7702.06050.000\$ 11,779,2672.06050.000\$ 17,920,6982.06050.000\$ 17,920,6982.06050.000\$ 23,981,0312.27755.277	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Tax Levy General Fund Debt Service \$ 1,314,200 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,314,200 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ \$ 1,3670,340 38.000 5.060 \$ \$ 11,872,620 22.060 30.000 \$ \$ 11,872,620 22.060 30.000 \$ \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000 \$ \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000 \$ \$ 15,940,103 2.060 50.000 \$ <	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Total Pro Year Property Mills Levied Levied \$ 1,314,200 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,940 \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,761 \$ 3,670,340 38.000 7.290 \$ 166,230 \$ 7,508,600 47.000 5.060 \$ 390,898 \$ 14,577,280 47.000 5.060 \$ 758,893 \$ 11,872,620 22.060 30.000 \$ 618,089 \$ 11,218,360 22.060 30.000 \$ 584,028 \$ 10,761,490 22.060 30.000 \$ 584,028 \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000 \$ 574,626 \$ 11,779,267 2.060 50.000 \$ 613,229 \$ 15,940,103 2.060 50.000 \$ 829,842 \$ 17,920,698 2.060 50.000 \$ 932,952 \$ 23,981,031 2.277 55.277 \$ 1,380,204	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Total Proper Year Property Mills Levied Total Proper Tax Levy General Fund Debt Service Levied Composition \$ 1,314,200 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,940 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,940 \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,761 \$ \$ 3,670,340 38.000 7.290 \$ 166,230 \$ \$ 3,670,340 38.000 7.290 \$ 166,230 \$ \$ 1,314,200 5.060 \$ 390,898 \$ \$ \$ 1,309,490 38.000 7.290 \$ 166,230 \$ \$ 3,670,340 38.000 7.290 \$ 166,230 \$ \$ 14,577,280 47.000 5.060 \$ 390,898 \$ \$ 11,872,620 22.060 30.000 \$ 584,028 \$ \$ 11,218,360 22.060 30.000 \$ 560,243 \$ \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000 \$ 581,055 \$ \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Total Property Tax Tax Levy General Fund Debt Service Levied Collected \$ 1,314,200 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,940 \$ 49,940 \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,761 \$ 49,761 \$ 1,309,490 38.000 7.290 \$ 166,230 \$ 165,676 \$ 7,508,600 47.000 5.060 \$ 390,898 \$ 391,471 \$ 14,577,280 47.000 5.060 \$ 758,893 \$ 702,376 \$ 11,872,620 22.060 30.000 \$ 618,089 \$ 612,180 \$ 11,218,360 22.060 30.000 \$ 584,028 \$ 524,019 \$ 10,761,490 22.060 30.000 \$ 581,055 \$ 580,450 \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000 \$ 513,055 \$ 580,450 \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000 \$ 613,229 \$ 613,228 \$ 15,940,103 2.060 50.000 \$ 829,842 \$ 829,699 \$ 17,920,698 2.060 50.000 \$ 932,9	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Total Property Tax Year Property Mills Levied Levied Collected \$ 1,314,200 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,940 \$ 49,940 \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,761 \$ 49,940 \$ 1,309,490 38.000 0.000 \$ 49,761 \$ 49,761 \$ 3,670,340 38.000 7.290 \$ 166,230 \$ 165,676 \$ 7,508,600 47.000 5.060 \$ 390,898 \$ 391,471 \$ 14,577,280 47.000 5.060 \$ 758,893 \$ 702,376 \$ 11,872,620 22.060 30.000 \$ 618,089 \$ 612,180 \$ 11,218,360 22.060 30.000 \$ 584,028 \$ 524,019 (a) \$ 10,761,490 22.060 30.000 \$ 560,243 \$ 376,928 (b) \$ 11,161,250 2.060 50.000 \$ 581,055 \$ 580,450 \$ 11,037,770 2.060 50.000 \$ 613,229 \$ 613,228 \$ 10,761,491 2.060 50.000 \$ 829,842 \$ 829,699 \$ 1,792,0678 2.060 5

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

- (a) The collected tax in 2011 reflects abatements of \$53,791.
- (b) The collected tax in 2012 reflects abatements of \$178,099