Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2024

with

Independent Auditor's Report

$\underline{CONTENTS}$

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	I
Basic Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	3
Notes to Financial Statements	4
Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	19
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund	20
Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected	21
Continuing Disclosure Annual Financial Information – Unaudited	
History of District's Assessed Valuations and Mill Levies 2024 Assessed and "Actual" Valuation of Classes of Property in the District History of District Property Tax Collections 2024 Largest Taxpayers Within the District Total 2024 Mill Levies General Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Debt Service Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	22 22 22 23 23 24
Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	26

CONTENTS-(CONTINUED)

General Fund Budget Summary and Comparison	27
Debt Service Fund Budget Summary and Comparison	28
Capital Projects Fund Budget Summary and Comparison	29



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Board of Directors Southshore Metropolitan District Arapahoe County, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southshore Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southshore Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

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Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Continuing Disclosure Annual Financial Information

Management is responsible for the continuing disclosure annual financial information included in our report. The continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the continuing disclosure annual financial information, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the continuing disclosure annual financial information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the continuing disclosure annual financial information and the basic financial statements, or the continuing disclosure annual financial information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the continuing disclosure annual financial information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP Denver, Colorado

Wipfli LLP

November 4, 2025

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(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2024

		General		Debt Service		Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		10111	<u>riajasmiems</u>	1,001 0011011
Cash and investments	\$	2,745,016	\$	_	\$	2,745,016	\$ -	\$ 2,745,016
Cash and investments - restricted		127,931		3,256,556		3,384,487	-	3,384,487
Receivable - County Treasurer		40,141		-		40,141	-	40,141
Receivable - other		8,955		_		8,955	-	8,955
Property taxes receivable		3,193,488		3,151,699		6,345,187	-	6,345,187
Prepaid expenses		123,297		-, - ,		123,297	_	123,297
Prepaid debt insurance, net of accumulated amortization		-,		_		-	389,611	389,611
Capital assets not being depreciated		-		-		-	18,423,513	18,423,513
Total Assets		6,238,828		6,408,255		12,647,083	18,813,124	31,460,207
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
							2 (0(522	2 (0(522
Deferred loss on refunding			_		_		3,696,533	3,696,533
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-			_	<u>-</u>	3,696,533	3,696,533
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	6,238,828	\$	6,408,255	\$	12,647,083		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	352,405	\$	_	\$	352,405	_	352,405
Accrued interest on bonds	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	119,093	119,093
Long-term liabilities:							117,075	115,055
Due within one year		_		_		_	1,665,000	1,665,000
Due in more than one year		-		_		-	54,024,871	54,024,871
Total Liabilities		252 405				252.405		
Total Liabilities		352,405	_		-	352,405	55,808,964	56,161,369
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred property taxes		3,193,488		3,151,699	_	6,345,187		6,345,187
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,193,488		3,151,699		6,345,187		6,345,187
FUND BALANCES								
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		123,297		-		123,297	(123,297)	-
Restricted:								
Emergencies		127,931		-		127,931	(127,931)	-
Debt service		-		3,256,556		3,256,556	(3,256,556)	-
Unassigned	-	2,441,707			_	2,441,707	(2,441,707)	
Total Fund Balances		2,692,935		3,256,556		5,949,491	(5,949,491)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$	6,238,828	\$	6,408,255	\$	12,647,083		
NET POSITION								
Restricted for:								
Emergencies							127,931	127,931
Debt service							3,137,463	3,137,463
Unrestricted							(30,615,210)	(30,615,210)
Total Net Position							\$ (27,349,816)	\$ (27,349,816)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES -

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Debt	Capital			Statement of
	General	Service	Projects	<u>Total</u>	Adjustments	Activities
EXPENDITURES						
District Management	416,104	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 416,104	\$ -	\$ 416,104
Landscaping & Maintenance	924,736	-	-	924,736	-	924,736
Landscape Maintenance contract	374,490	-	-	374,490	-	374,490
Facilities & Pool Operations	1,057,370	-	-	1,057,370	-	1,057,370
Safety & Security	81,000	-	-	81,000	-	81,000
Repairs & Maintenance	457,469	-	-	457,469	-	457,469
Utilities	243,335	-	-	243,335	-	243,335
Insurance	109,002	-	-	109,002	-	109,002
Legal	221,977	-	-	221,977	-	221,977
Accounting / Audit	69,081	-	-	69,081	-	69,081
Capital replacements:						
Underdrain/Stormwater Management	686,569	-	-	686,569	-	686,569
Safety & Security Enhancements	45,543	-	-	45,543	-	45,543
Architect & Engineering Expenses	56,123	-	-	56,123	-	56,123
Miscellaneous	6,079	-	-	6,079	-	6,079
Treasurer's fees	76,323	28,566	-	104,889	-	104,889
Bond principal	-	1,445,000	-	1,445,000	(1,445,000)	-
Bond interest expense	-	1,849,143	-	1,849,143	280,676	2,129,819
Paying agent fees	-	7,000	-	7,000	-	7,000
Amortize debt insurance costs					22,679	22,679
Total Expenditures	4,825,201	3,329,709		8,154,910	(1,141,645)	7,013,265
DDOCD AM DEVENIUES						
PROGRAM REVENUES	21.052			21.052		21.052
Event rental fees	21,953	157,500	-	21,953 157,500	-	21,953
System development fees		137,300		137,300		157,500
Total Program Revenues	21,953	157,500		179,453		179,453
Net Program Income (Expenses)	(4,803,248)	(3,172,209)	-	(7,975,457)	1,141,645	(6,833,812)
GENERAL REVENUES						
Property taxes	5,083,963	1,902,758		6,986,721		6,986,721
Specific ownership taxes	404,957	1,902,738	-	404,957	-	404,957
Interest income	195,652	242,401	21	438,074	-	438,074
interest income		212,101		130,071		130,071
Total General Revenues	5,684,572	2,145,159	21	7,829,752		7,829,752
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	Į.					
EXPENDITURES	881,324	(1,027,050)	21	(145,705)	1,141,645	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from (to) other funds		705	(705)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		705	(705)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	881,324	(1,026,345)	(684)	(145,705)	145,705	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					995,940	995,940
ELIND DATANCES (DEFICITIVATET DOSTTION						
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)/NET POSITION:					(24.442.25	(20.2.5.5.5
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,811,611	4,282,901	684	6,095,196	(34,440,952)	(28,345,756)
END OF YEAR	\$ 2,692,935	\$ 3,256,556	<u> </u>	\$ 5,949,491	\$ (33,299,307)	\$ (27,349,816)

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

REVENUES		riginal and nal Budget		<u>Actual</u>	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
	\$	5,005,048	\$	5 092 062	\$	79.015
Property taxes	Ф		Ф	5,083,963	Φ	78,915
Specific ownership taxes Interest income		411,400 40,000		404,957		(6,443)
Event rental fees		40,000		195,652 21,953		155,652 21,953
Event fental fees	-			21,733		21,733
Total Revenues		5,456,448		5,706,525		250,077
EXPENDITURES						
District Management		115,000		416,104		(301,104)
Landscaping & Maintenance		1,687,500		924,736		762,764
Landscape Maintenance contract		_		374,490		(374,490)
Facilities & Pool Operations		1,108,250		1,057,370		50,880
Safety & Security		100,000		81,000		19,000
Repairs & Maintenance / fencing		-		457,469		(457,469)
Utilities		-		243,335		(243,335)
Insurance		90,000		109,002		(19,002)
Legal		50,000		221,977		(171,977)
Accounting / Audit		50,000		69,081		(19,081)
Capital replacements:						
Underdrain/Stormwater Management		750,000		686,569		63,431
Safety & Security Enhancements		245,000		45,543		199,457
Pool Resurfacing		50,000		-		50,000
Lakehouse Deck & Railings		100,000		_		100,000
Irrigation Enhancements		100,000		_		100,000
Immediate Needs (Reserve Study)		300,000		_		300,000
Furniture, Fixture & Equipment		50,000		_		50,000
Sod Replacement		25,000		_		25,000
Architect & Engineering Expenses		30,000		56,123		(26,123)
Miscellaneous		_		6,079		(6,079)
Treasurer's fees		75,076		76,323		(1,247)
Reserves for asset replacement		385,099		_		385,099
Emergency reserve		145,523				145,523
Total Expenditures		5,456,448		4,825,201		631,247
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		881,324		881,324
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		-		1,811,611		1,811,611
END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	2,692,935	\$	2,692,935
	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	, ,	-	,

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Southshore Metropolitan District (the "District"), located in the City of Aurora, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

<u>Definition of Reporting Entity</u>

The District was organized in February 2002, as a quasi-municipal corporation established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was created in conjunction with Southshore Metropolitan District No. 1, ("District No. 1") to provide for streets, sanitation and water facilities, parks and recreation and other public improvements. The District was established as the Taxing District and Southshore Metropolitan District No. 1 as the Operating District. On December 6, 2023, District No. 1 was dissolved and by agreement, the District assumed all of the operational, maintenance and administrative functions. On December 15, 2023, the District changed its name from Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2 to Southshore Metropolitan District. In 2023, the District's primary revenues are property taxes, interest income and system development fees. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is paid.

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

In 2024, the District amended total appropriations in the capital projects fund from \$0 to \$707 for funds transferred to the Debt Service Fund.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position:

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2024, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at net asset value.

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Original Issue Discount and Prepaid Debt Insurance

Original issue discount from the Series 2020A-2 Bonds and Series 2020B Bonds and prepaid debt insurance for the Series 2020A-1 Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds and Series 2020B Bonds are being amortized over the respective terms of the bonds using the interest/straight-line method. Accumulated amortization of original issue discount and prepaid debt insurance amounted to \$120,265 and \$107,075, respectively at December 31, 2024.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining balance to be amortized was \$3,696,533.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting under this category. Property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$123,297 represents prepaid expenditures.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$127,931 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$3,256,556 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A-1, the Tax-Exempt General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Bonds, Series 2020A-2, and the Tax-Exempt Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B (see Note 3).

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all other funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets. At December 31, 2024, the District had no items that qualified for reporting in this category.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District. The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, of which a significant portion of these improvements were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2024, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$	2,745,016
Cash and investments – restricted		3,384,487
	\$_	6,129,503

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2024, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$	191,703
Investments – COLOTRUST		5,937,800
	\$ _	6,129,503

Deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Investments:

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows State statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

As of December 31, 2024, the District had the following investment:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST" or the "Trust"), is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2024, the District had \$5,937,800 invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2024, follows:

Governmental Type Activities:	 Balance 1/1/2024	_	Additions		 Deletions		Balance 12/31/2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Parks, landscaping	\$ 5,595,414	\$		-	\$	-	\$ 5,595,414
Recreation centers	12,828,099			_		_	12,828,099
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 18,423,513	\$		_	\$ ·	_	\$ 18,423,513

With the dissolution of District No. 1, the Districts terminated the Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement (see Note 5), between the District No. 1 and the District, therefore, assigned any assets remaining as of the date of dissolution, to the District. The District retains the right to maintain ownership in certain facilities and/or retain responsibility for operations and maintenance. The Board has authorized the District to set aside funds for the maintenance and/or replacement of assets.

Note 4: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A-1 - The District issued its Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A-1 Bonds (the "Series 2020A-1 Bonds") in the original principal amount of \$30,090,000 for the purpose of refunding the Series 2015 and Series 2017 Bonds, paying costs of the insurance policy and reserve fund insurance policy and to pay the issuance costs associated with the Series 2020A-1 Bonds. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds mature on December 1, 2039, and carry a taxable coupon rate of 2.770% until the Tax-Exempt Conversion Date (as defined in the Series 2020A-1 Indenture) and thereafter at a rate of 2.190% payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds were converted to Tax-Exempt Bonds on December 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-1 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole, or in part, and if in part with the prior written consent of the Series 2020A-1 Purchaser, or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2030, and on any Interest Payment Date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption with no redemption premium.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Tax-Exempt General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Bonds, Series 2020A-2 - The District issued its Tax-Exempt General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds (the "Series 2020A-2 Bonds") in the original principal amount of \$12,780,000 for the purpose of providing project costs, paying costs of the insurance policy and reserve fund insurance policy, and to pay the issuance costs associated with the Series 2020A-2 Bonds. The Series 2020A-2 Bonds mature on December 1, 2046, and carry a coupon rate of 4.00% payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2020. The Series 2020A-2 Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2040. The Series 2020A-2 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole, or in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2030, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption with no redemption premium.

Tax-Exempt Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B - The District issued its Tax-Exempt Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B Bonds (the "Series 2020B Bonds") in the original principal amount of \$19,175,000 for the purpose of refunding the Series 2007 Bonds, to provide for capitalized interest in the original amount of \$281,385, funding the Reserve Fund in the amount of \$1,828,898, providing project costs and to pay the issuance costs associated with the Series 2020B Bonds. The Series 2020B Bonds mature December 15, 2041, and carry a coupon rate ranging from 3.125% to 4.125% payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2020. The Series 2020B Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 15, 2024. The Series 2020B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole, or in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2030, and on any date thereafter at a redemption price equal to the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption without a redemption premium.

The Series 2020A-1 Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds and the Series 2020B Bonds are secured by and payable from the pledged revenue, consisting of the moneys derived from a maximum mill levy of 55.664 mills and system development fees (see Note 5). The Series 2020B Bonds are further secured by a Reserve Fund of \$2,028,123 as of year-end, capitalized interest in the original amount of \$281,385 and a Surplus Fund of up to \$1,078,491. The balance in the Surplus Fund at year-end, was \$1,079,457. The mill levy for the Series 2020A-1 Bonds and the Series 2020A-2 Bonds can become unlimited at such time the test for such conversion is satisfied as provided in the Senior Indenture, which requires among other things, that the ratio of outstanding general debt to the District's assessed valuation is less than 50%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The Series 2020A-1 Bonds, Series 2020A-2 Bonds and Series 2020B Bonds are insured by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2024:

	Balance				Balance	Current
	 1/1/2024	Additions		Deletions	12/31/2024	Portion
General Obligation Bonds						
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2020A-1	\$ 25,575,000	\$ -	\$	1,230,000	\$ 24,345,000	\$ 1,260,000
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2020A-2	12,780,000	-		-	12,780,000	-
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2020B	19,175,000	-		215,000	18,960,000	405,000
Bond discount - Series 2020A-2	(260,772)	-		(12,913)	(247,859)	-
Bond discount - Series 2020B	 (160,128)	 _	_	(12,858)	 (147,271)	
Total Long-term debt	\$ 57,109,100	\$ 	\$	1,419,229	\$ 55,689,871	\$ 1,665,000

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2020A-1 Bonds:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 533,156	\$ 1,793,156
2026	1,320,000	505,562	1,825,562
2027	1,350,000	476,654	1,826,654
2028	1,415,000	447,089	1,862,089
2029	1,445,000	416,100	1,861,100
2030 - 2034	8,070,000	1,580,524	9,650,524
2035 - 2039	9,485,000	 636,413	 10,121,413
	\$ 24,345,000	\$ 4,595,498	\$ 28,940,498

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2020A-2 Bonds:

	Principal	 Interest	Total
2025	\$ -	\$ 511,200	\$ 511,200
2026	-	511,200	511,200
2027	-	511,200	511,200
2028	-	511,200	511,200
2029	-	511,200	511,200
2030 - 2034	-	2,556,000	2,556,000
2035 - 2039	-	2,556,000	2,556,000
2040 - 2044	8,680,000	1,895,600	10,575,600
2045 - 2046	4,100,000	 248,400	4,348,400
	\$ 12,780,000	\$ 9,812,000	\$ 22,592,000

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2020B Bonds.

	 Principal	 Interest	Total
2025	\$ 405,000	\$ 769,513	\$ 1,174,513
2026	570,000	753,794	1,323,794
2027	625,000	731,606	1,356,606
2028	685,000	707,263	1,392,263
2029	715,000	680,606	1,395,606
2030 - 2034	4,370,000	2,936,676	7,306,676
2035 - 2039	5,845,000	1,935,037	7,780,037
2040 - 2041	 5,745,000	 394,762	 6,139,762
	\$ 18,960,000	\$ 8,909,257	\$ 27,869,257

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2017, the District had remaining debt authorization of \$0.00. The District's Service Plan establishes a total combined general obligation debt limit under the Service Plan for both Districts of \$33,033,000. In May 2018, the authorized electors of the District voted to increase the debt authorization by \$27,500,000, of which \$21,781,349 was used in the issuance of the Series 2020A-1, Series 2020A-2 and 202B Bonds. Such debt can be issued only if the Service Plan is amended or the District follows certain statutory procedures prior to issuance, which the District undertook in September 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 5: Agreements

<u>Establish System Development Fees</u> – Beginning November 30, 2006, and as amended and restated in 2007, 2010 and with the most recent Third Amendment on December 11, 2012, the District imposes a system development fee due and payable upon issuance of a building permit to a buyer by the City of Aurora. The fee, at the District's discretion, may increase on an annual basis in an amount equal to the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") for that year not to exceed 5%. For 2012, the fee was \$2,000 per single family unit. Effective January 1, 2013, the Third Amendment increased the fees to \$2,500 per single family unit and \$1,750 per multi-family unit. During 2024, the District received \$157,500 in fees.

Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement — On December 2, 2004, and amended on May 11, 2007, the District entered into an agreement with District No. 1, in which the District agrees to assign all revenue raised from all sources not pledged to District debt to District No. 1 to offset the expenses of construction of public improvements and the costs of operation and maintenance of such public improvements. District No. 1 shall provide the operations and maintenance services and maintain all necessary insurance in a manner deemed appropriate by the Districts and in compliance with applicable law. In 2023, the District transferred to District No. 1, \$1,293,981 for operations and maintenance. Upon dissolution of District No. 1, the District received \$88,958 in cash and \$18,423,513 in capital assets (see Note 3) from District No. 1. With the dissolution of District No. 1, the Districts terminated this agreement and executed the Conveyance Agreement.

Advance and Conveyance Agreement – Effective April 21, 2022, the District, District No. 1 and Southshore Recovery Acquisition, LLC, a subsidiary of RainTree Investment Corporation, (the "Investor") entered into the Advance and Conveyance Agreement, (the "Agreement"). The Investor agreed to contribute \$835,000 to the District to make final advances necessary to construct certain Public Improvements. The Investor agreed to waive all repayment obligations from the Districts on existing amounts owed and agreed to convey the original recreation center to District No. 1, along with other properties within the development. In exchange, the Districts assigned any rights of reimbursement from the City of Aurora regarding the Development Water Transmission, & Storm Drainage Construction and Cost Reimbursement Agreement, dated February 12, 2007, to the Investor. The Districts and the Investor also agreed to release each other of all other claims, known or unknown.

<u>Conveyance Agreement</u> – Effective November 15, 2022, the District and District No. 1 entered into a Conveyance Agreement in which District No. 1 will transfer and assign to the District all interests, rights and obligations of all property and agreements upon dissolution of District No. 1. This includes all cash held by District No. 1. As of December 31, 2023, the District recorded an Accounts Receivable of \$88,958, for cash on hand with District No. 1. The District received the funds in 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 6: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR") contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

In 2002, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 7: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("the Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 8: <u>Interfund and Operating Transfers</u>

The transfer of \$707 from the Capital Projects Fund to the Debt Service Fund was transferred for the purpose of closing a project fund and transfer to the bond fund.

Note 9: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Financial Fund Statements

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments may have the following elements:

- 1) capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and
- 2) unamortized debt insurance, deferred cost on refunding and original issue premium are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and,
- 3) Long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, accrued bond interest payable and prepaid debt insurance are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, <u>and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments may have the following elements:

- 1) governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in process pending transfer to other governmental entities or depreciated over their useful lives;
- 2) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities;
- 3) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue; and,
- 4) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.



(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

DEVENIUM	Original and Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	4 62.7 00	4.55.5 00	4 2 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
System development fees	\$ 62,500	\$ 157,500	\$ 95,000
Property taxes	1,873,038	1,902,758	29,720
Interest income	285,250	242,401	(42,849)
Total Revenues	2,220,788	2,302,659	81,871
EXPENDITURES			
Bond prinicpal-Series 2020A-1	1,230,000	1,230,000	-
Bond interest-Series 2020 A-1	560,093	560,093	-
Bond interest-Series 2020 A-2	511,200	511,200	-
Bond prinicpal-Series 2020B	215,000	215,000	-
Bond interest-Series 2020B	777,850	777,850	_
Paying agent fees	10,000	7,000	3,000
Treasurer's fees	28,096	28,566	(470)
Total Expenditures	3,332,239	3,329,709	2,530
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENDITURES	(1,111,451)	(1,027,050)	84,401
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer in (out) to other funds	_	705	705
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		705	705
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,111,451)	(1,026,345)	85,106
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,018,840	4,282,901	264,061
END OF YEAR	\$ 2,907,389	\$ 3,256,556	\$ 349,167

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES					
Interest income	\$		\$ 23	\$ 21	\$ (2)
Total Revenues			23	21	(2)
EXPENDITURES					
Transfer to District No. 1					
Total Expenditures				-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE	S OVER				
EXPENDITURES		-	23	21	(2)
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers from (to) other funds			(707)	(705)	2
Total Other Financing Uses			(707)	(705)	2
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	(684)	(684)	-
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR		_	684	684	
END OF YEAR	\$		<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -

(fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2)

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2024

Prior
Year Assessed
Valuation
for Current

		Valuation								
	i	for Current								Percent
Year Ended	Y	ear Property	Mills I	Levied	Total Property Tax				Collected	
December 31,		Tax Levy	General Fund	Debt Service		Levied	_	Collected		to Levied
2005	\$	1,314,200	38.000	0.000	\$	49,940	\$	49,940		100.00%
2006	\$	1,309,490	38.000	0.000	\$	49,761	\$	49,761		100.00%
2007	\$	3,670,340	38.000	7.290	\$	166,230	\$	165,676		99.67%
2007	\$	7,508,600	47.000	5.060	\$	390,898	\$	391,471		100.15%
2008				5.060		-		-		
	\$	14,577,280	47.000		\$	758,893 618,089	\$	702,376		92.55% 99.04%
2010	\$	11,872,620	22.060	30.000	\$		\$	612,180	()	
2011	\$	11,218,360	22.060	30.000	\$	584,028	\$	524,019	(a)	89.72%
2012	\$	10,761,490	22.060	30.000	\$	560,243	\$	376,928	(b)	67.28%
2013	\$	11,161,250	2.060	50.000	\$	581,055	\$	580,450		99.90%
2014	\$	11,037,770	2.060	50.000	\$	574,626	\$	574,684		100.01%
2015	\$	11,779,267	2.060	50.000	\$	613,229	\$	613,228		100.00%
2016	\$	15,940,103	2.060	50.000	\$	829,842	\$	829,699		99.98%
2017	\$	17,920,698	2.060	50.000	\$	932,952	\$	934,880		100.21%
2018	\$	23,981,031	2.277	55.277	\$	1,380,204	\$	1,378,900		99.91%
2019	\$	28,049,450	2.277	55.277	\$	1,614,358	\$	1,614,358		100.00%
2020	\$	51,191,803	2.227	55.664	\$	2,963,545	\$	2,960,264		99.89%
2021	\$	56,671,821	2.227	55.664	\$	3,280,788	\$	3,224,144		98.27%
2022	\$	71,339,423	4.000	45.000	\$	3,495,632	\$	3,498,028		100.07%
2023	\$	75,658,875	34.626	25.000	\$	4,511,236	\$	4,473,261		99.16%
2024	\$	99,492,078	50.306	18.826	\$	6,878,086	\$	6,986,721		101.58%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2025	\$	102,929,416	31.026	30.620	\$	6,345,187				

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

- (a) The collected tax in 2011 reflects abatements of \$53,791.
- (b) The collected tax in 2012 reflects abatements of \$178,099.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION	N – UNAUDITED

History of District's Assessed Valuations and Mill Levies

Mill Levies Debt Service Mill Levy/ Collection General Fund Assessed Percent Change Total Mill Levy Mill Levy Year Valuation Levy 2014/2015 11,779,267 2.060 50.000 52.060 0.00%2015/2016 \$ 15,940,103 35.32% 2.060 50.000 52.060 2016/2017 \$ 17,920,698 12.43% 2.060 50.000 52.060 2017/2018 \$ 23,981,031 33.82% 2.277 55.277 57.554 \$ 28,049,450 2018/2019 16.97% 2.277 55.277 57.554 \$ 51,191,803 2019/2020 82.51% 2.227 55.664 57.891 \$ 56,671,821 2.227 57.891 2020/2021 10.70% 55.664 2021/2022 \$ 71,339,423 25.88%4.000 45.00049.000 2022/2023 \$ 75,658,875 6.05% 34.626 25.000 59.626 2023/2024 \$ 99,492,078 31.50% 50.306 18.826 69.132 2024/2025 \$ 102,929,416 3.45% 31.026 30.620 61.646

2024 Assessed and "Actual" Valuation of Classes of Property in the District

	Assessed	Percent of Assessed			Percent of
Classification of Property	Valuation	Valuation	•	'Actual" Value	"Actual" Value
Residential	\$ 99,000,388	96.18%	\$	1,477,614,371	99.06%
Commercial	25,758	0.03%		92,329	0.01%
Vacant Land	2,175,974	2.11%		7,799,093	0.52%
Natural Resources	76	0.00%		274	0.00%
State Assessed	1,727,220	1.68%		6,190,752	0.42%
Total	\$ 102,929,416	100.00%	\$	1,491,696,819	100.00%

Source: County Assessor's Office

History of District Property Tax Collections

Levy/	Current Tax							
Collection Year	Taxes Levied	Collection (2)	Collection Rate					
2014/2015	\$ 613,229	\$ 613,228	100.00%					
2015/2016	829,842	829,699	99.98%					
2016/2017	932,952	934,880	100.21%					
2017/2018	1,380,204	1,378,900	99.91%					
2018/2019	1,614,358	1,614,358	100.00%					
2019/2020	2,963,545	2,960,264	99.89%					
2020/2021	3,280,788	3,224,144	98.27%					
2021/2022	3,495,632	3,498,028	100.07%					
2022/2023	4,511,236	4,473,261	99.16%					
2023/2024	6,878,086	6,986,721	101.58%					
2024/2025	6,345,187	6,238,789	98.32% (1)					

(1) Amount represents current collections as of June 30, 2025.

(2) County Treasurer collection fees have not been deducted from these amounts.

SOUTHSHORE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT (fka Southshore Metropolitan District No. 2) 2024 Largest Taxpayers Within the District

			Percentage of
	20	24 Assessed	Total Assessed
Taxpayer Name		Valuation	Valuation (1)
Public Service of Colorado	\$	1,727,220	2.28%
Individual Homeowner		147,996	0.20%
Individual Homeowner		145,028	0.19%
Individual Homeowner		128,365	0.17%
Individual Homeowner		121,330	0.16%
Individual Homeowner		117,109	0.15%
Individual Homeowner		114,556	0.15%
Individual Homeowner		112,821	0.15%
Individual Homeowner		112,583	0.15%
Individual Homeowner		108,995	0.15%
Total	\$	2,836,003	3.76%

(1) Based on a 2024 certified assessed valuation of \$102,929,416 for collection year 2025.

Total 2024 Mill Levies

Taxing Entity	Mill Levy
Cherry Creek School District 5	53.962
Arapahoe County	15.885
Developmental Disability	1.000
City of Aurora	6.613
Urban Drainage & Flood	0.900
Urban Drainage & Flood (S Platte)	0.100
Overlapping Mill Levy	78.460
The District	61.646
Total Mill Levy	140.106

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Years ended December 31,									
	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	2024					
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ 113,876	\$ 124,067	\$ 285,437	\$ 2,597,563	\$ 5,083,963					
Specific ownership taxes	210,011	226,110	220,686	295,599	404,957					
Miscellaneous income	-	-	38,268	280	-					
Event rental fees	-	-	-	-	21,953					
Interest income	4,991	228	14,618	86,279	195,652					
Transfer from District No. 1	-	-	-	88,958	-					
Total	328,878	350,405	559,009	3,068,679	5,706,525					
EXPENDITURES										
Transfer to District No. 1	283,000	281,000	468,098	1,293,981	-					
Accounting & audit	-	-	-	7,347	69,081					
District management	-	-	-	-	416,104					
Engineering				15,172	56,123					
Insurance				-	109,002					
Legal	-	-	-	50,462	221,977					
Irrigation water & electric	_	-	=	3,209	- -					
Landscape maintenance	-	-	-	13,280	924,736					
Landscape maintenance contract					374,490					
Facilities and pool operations	-				1,057,370					
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	-	57,177	457,469					
Security services	-	-	-	20,325	81,000					
Safety and security enhancements					45,543					
Underdrain / stormwater management	_	_	-	89,277	686,569					
Utilities	_	_	-	-	243,335					
Miscellaneous expense	_	_	-	893	6,079					
Treasurer's fees	1,711	1,860	4,285	38,984	76,323					
Total	284,711	282,860	472,383	1,590,107	4,825,201					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	44,167	67,545	86,626	1,478,572	881,324					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Transfers in	59,638	_	_	3,280	_					
Total Other Financing Sources	59,638			3,280						
Total other I maneing sources				3,200						
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	103,805	67,545	86,626	1,481,852	881,324					
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	71,783	175,588	243,133	329,759	1,811,611					
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 175,588	\$ 243,133	\$ 329,759	\$ 1,811,611	\$ 2,692,935					

DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Years Ended December 31,							
		<u>2020</u>		2021	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	2,846,388	\$	3,100,077	\$ 3,212,591	\$ 1,875,698	\$ 1,902,758	
Interest income		21,571		-	109,562	293,807	242,401	
System development fees		532,522		465,000	720,000	262,500	157,500	
Total	_	3,400,481		3,565,077	4,042,153	2,432,005	2,302,659	
EXPENDITURES								
Treasurer's fee		42,771		46,478	48,234	28,150	28,566	
Bond principal		1,155,000		1,045,000	1,145,000	1,170,000	1,445,000	
Bond interest expenses		1,404,007		1,922,726	1,899,841	1,874,766	1,849,143	
Paying agent fee		2,000		9,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	
Total		2,603,778		3,023,204	3,100,075	3,079,916	3,329,709	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	796,703		541,873	942,078	(647,911)	(1,027,050)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in (out)		38,479,931		-	-	-	705	
Payment to refunding agent		(38,101,249)		-	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		378,682		-	-	-	705	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		1,175,385		541,873	942,078	(647,911)	(1,026,345)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,271,476		3,446,861	3,988,734	4,930,812	4,282,901	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	3,446,861	\$	3,988,734	\$ 4,930,812	\$ 4,282,901	\$ 3,256,556	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Years Ended December 31,									
		<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>			<u>2022</u>			<u>2023</u>	2024	
REVENUES										
Interest income	\$	45,334	\$	1,575	\$	1,020	\$	55 \$	21	
Investor contribution		-		-		835,000		-	-	
Total		45,334		1,575		836,020		55	21	
EXPENDITURES										
Transfer to District No. 1	1	5,365,023		6,802,980		292,684		-	-	
Costs of Issuance		1,451,256		-		-		-	-	
Total	1	6,816,279		6,802,980		292,684		-		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1	6,770,945)		(6,801,405)		543,336		55	21	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bond proceeds	6	52,045,000		_		-		_	_	
Bond discount		(515,394)		-		-		-	-	
Transfers out	(3	8,539,569)		-		-		(3,280)	(705)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2	2,990,037		-		-		(3,280)	(705)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		6,219,092		(6,801,405)		543,336		(3,225)	(684)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR		42,886		6,261,978		(539,427)		3,909	684	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	6,261,978	\$	(539,427)	\$	3,909	\$	684 \$	_	

General Fund Budget Summary and Comparison

	2024 Budget (as adopted)	2024 Actual	2025 Budget (as adopted)
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 5,005,048	\$ 5,083,963	\$ 3,193,488
Specific ownership taxes	411,400	404,957	380,711
Miscellaneous income	-	-	1,000
Event rental fees	-	195,652	95,000
Interest income	40,000	21,953	100,000
Total Revenues	5,456,448	5,706,525	3,770,199
EXPENDITURES			
District Management	115,000	416,104	189,000
Landscaping & Maintenance	1,687,500	924,736	860,000
Landscape Maintenance contract	· · · · · · -	374,490	520,000
Facilities & Pool Operations	1,108,250	1,057,370	1,309,375
Safety & Security	100,000	81,000	155,000
Repairs & Maintenance / fencing	-	457,469	101,500
Utilities	-	243,335	202,000
Insurance	90,000	109,002	140,000
Legal	50,000	221,977	100,000
Accounting / Audit	50,000	69,081	72,500
Capital replacements:			
Lakehouse interior enhancements	-	-	155,000
Lakehouse pool heater	-	-	60,000
Ridge Line Trail and Dog Park	-	-	100,000
Underdrain/Stormwater Management	750,000	686,569	250,000
Safety & Security Enhancements	245,000	45,543	-
Pool Resurfacing	50,000	-	-
Lakehouse Deck & Railings	100,000	-	-
Irrigation Enhancements	100,000	-	-
Immediate Needs (Reserve Study)	300,000	-	-
Furniture, Fixture & Equipment	50,000	-	-
Sod Replacement	25,000	-	
Architect & Engineering Expenses	30,000	56,123	50,000
Miscellaneous	-	6,079	-
Treasurer's fees	75,076	76,323	47,902
Reserves for asset replacement	385,099	-	1,688,107
Emergency reserve	145,523	<u> </u>	127,931
Total Expenditures	5,456,448	4,825,201	6,128,315
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		881,324	(2,358,116)
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	1,811,611	2,358,116
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 2,692,935	\$ -
	<u>·</u>	· / · /- ·	<u> </u>

Debt Service Fund Budget Summary and Comparison

	2024 Budget (as adopted)		2024 Actual		2025 Budget (as adopted)	
REVENUES						
System development fees	\$	62,500	\$	157,500	\$	-
Property taxes		1,873,038		1,902,758		3,151,699
Interest income		285,250		242,401		118,991
Total Revenues		2,220,788		2,302,659		3,270,690
EXPENDITURES						
Bond principal		1,445,000		1,445,000		1,665,000
Bond interest expense		1,849,143		1,849,143		1,813,869
Paying agent fees		10,000		7,000		10,000
Treasurer's fees		28,096		28,566		47,275
Total Expenditures		3,332,239		3,329,709		3,536,144
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		(1,111,451)		(1,027,050)		(265,454)
EXPENDITURES						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in (out)		<u> </u>		705		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				705		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,111,451)		(1,026,345)		(265,454)
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,018,840		4,282,901		3,172,843
END OF YEAR	\$	2,907,389	\$	3,256,556	\$	2,907,389

Capital Projects Fund Budget Summary and Comparison

	2024 Budget (as amended)		2024 Actual		2025 Budget (as adopted)	
REVENUES						
Interest income	\$	23	\$	21	\$	10,000
Reimbursements from other governments						180,000
Total Revenues		23		21		190,000
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay						190,000
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>				190,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		23		21		
LAI LIMITORLS						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from (to) other funds		(707)		(705)		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(707)		(705)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(684)		(684)		-
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		684		684		<u>-</u>
END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	